

Topic: Speciation and Genetic Drift Worksheet

Summary: Students match genetic drift, speciation and extinction vocabulary terms with their definitions.

Goals & Objectives: Students will be able to define key words for speciation and extinction.

Standards: CA Biology 8c. *Students know* the effects of genetic drift on the diversity of organisms in a population. 8d. *Students know* reproductive or geographic isolation affects speciation.

Time Length: 10 minutes

Materials:

- Class textbook
- Photocopied worksheets
- Pencils or pens

Procedures:

1. Tell the students which section they are to use in the textbook. Students are then going to read the section and answer the questions on the worksheet.

Accommodations:

Give students with a modification IEP two free answers per section. Students with an IEP can take the handout home if they need extra time.

Evaluation:

Each question is worth ½ point. The assignment is worth a total of 7 points.

Speciation & Genetic Drift Worksheet

Speciation: Write the letter of the correct definition in the blank space on the left.

1. _____ reproductive isolation a) physical barrier that keeps two populations separate
2. _____ behavioral isolation b) populations of the same species differ genetically from each other
3. _____ geographic isolation c) different reproduction times
4. _____ temporal isolation d) differences in courtship or mating behaviors
5. _____ subspecies e) individuals from different populations can no longer mate successfully with each other

Extinction: Write the letter of the correct definition in the blank space on the left.

6. _____ mass extinction a) difference between individuals
7. _____ episodic speciation b) new species that form right after a mass extinction
8. _____ biodiversity c) destruction of many species that occurs suddenly in geologic time.
9. _____ fossil record d) many different species living in the same ecosystem
10. _____ variation e) organic matter that turned into rock. Used to record evolution

Gene Flow: Write the letter of the correct definition in the blank space on the left.

11. _____ allele frequency a) all the alleles in a population
12. _____ genetic drift b) change in allele frequencies caused by random chance
13. _____ founder effect c) great reduction in the size of a population with a great loss of variation
14. _____ bottleneck effect d) small number of individuals who colonize a new area
15. _____ gene pool e) how common an allele is in a population